

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

<u>JUNE 30, 2012</u>



January 22, 2013

Board of Directors Ross Valley Fire Department San Anselmo, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Ross Valley Fire Department ("Department") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, as listed in the accompanying table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Department's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Department at June 30, 2012 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2013 on our consideration of the Department's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of our testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Department's basic financial statements. The accompanying management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and do not express an opinion on it.

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January 22, 2013

Board of Directors Ross Valley Fire Department San Anselmo, California

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH **GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

We have audited the basic financial statements of the Ross Valley Fire Department ("Department") as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2013. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Department's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Department's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information of the members of the Department's Board of Directors, management, and the applicable grantor agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

OUM & G. LLP

San Francisco, CA

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

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This discussion and analysis of the Ross Valley Fire Department (the "Department") fiscal performance provides an overview of the Department's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Please review it in conjunction with the transmittal letter and the basic financial statements, which begin on page 7.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

From the Statement of Net Assets and Changes in Net Assets - see pages 7 and 8

- Total net assets are \$1,153,131 compared with \$1,187,236 at the end of fiscal year 2011.
- Unrestricted net deficit is \$(5,080).

From the Governmental Fund Financial Statements – see pages 9 – 12

- ➤ Total revenues decreased from \$6,201,579 in fiscal 2011 to \$6,188,574 in fiscal year 2012 and expenditures increased from \$6,258,906 to \$8,827,917. Expenditures in fiscal year 2012 included the payoff of the CalPERS Pension Side Fund in the amount of \$2,595,334.
- The General Fund balance decreased by \$42,409 from the prior fiscal year.

Pension Obligation Bonds - page 22

In 2003 CalPERS combined pension plans for agencies with less than 100 members into risk pools based on plan type. At that time, Pension Side Funds were created to account for the difference between the funded status of the pool and the funded status of individual plans. In the Department's case, the funded status of the Department's Safety plan was less than that of the pool. On May 31, 2012, the Department issued taxable Pension Obligation Bonds, in the amount of \$2,656,934, to refund the CalPERS Pension Side Fund. As a result of the \$2,595,334 Side Fund payment, the Safety plan employer contribution rate decreased from 40.799% to 23.006%

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Department's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, governmental funds financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. Supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements is also presented.

Government-wide financial statements found on pages 7 - 8

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Department's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. There are two government-wide financial statements – The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets ("Statement of Activities").

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the Department's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Department is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Department's net assets changed during the fiscal year. Accruals of revenue and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Like in a private-sector business capital assets are depreciated, the principal portion of the debt service is net an expenditure, and compensated absences are expensed in the period earned.

Governmental fund financial statements found on pages 9 – 12

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities. The major differences between fund financial statements and government-wide financial statements are in the way debt proceeds, capital outlay, and compensated absences are recorded. Reconciliations between the two types of financial statements are found on page 10.

Notes to the financial statements on pages 13 - 28

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

Required Supplementary information on page 29 - 30

In addition to basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents budgetary comparison schedules and PERS schedule of funding progress.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Analysis of Net Assets

Net assets for the Department are summarized below and an analysis follows:

	Governmental				Total
		Ac	tiviti	Percent	
	Description of the last of the	2012		2011	Change
Cash and investments	\$	959,024	\$	805,225	19%
Capital assets, net		1,402,646		1,514,303	-7%
Pension asset		2,595,334		-	
Other assets		60,520		689	8684%
Total assets	-	5,017,524		2,320,217	116%
Long-term debt, net		2,985,707		986,237	203%
Other liabilities		878,686	***********	146,744	499%
Total liabilities	**************************************	3,864,393	XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1,132,981	241%
Invested in capital					
assets, net		1,158,211		1,194,838	-3%
Restricted		-		-	0%
Unrestricted	carrian; North	(5,080)	жимомирова	(7,602)	-33%
Net assets	\$	1,153,131	\$	1,187,236	-3%

Net assets serve over time as a useful indicator of the Department's financial position. In the case of the Department, assets exceeded liabilities by \$1,153,131 as of June 30, 2012, as compared to \$1,187,236 on June 30, 2011.

Net capital assets decreased by \$111,657. The Department added \$41,487 in capital assets and showed \$153,144 in depreciation of existing assets.

Long term debt, net of the current portion, increased by \$1,999,470. Long-term debt includes compensated absences, capital leases for fire apparatus, and the Pension Obligation Bonds.

Other liabilities increased by \$731,942. Other liabilities include: accounts payable, pension obligation, accrued liabilities, and current portion of long-term debt. The increase from 2011 is associated with the Pension Obligation Bonds, pension obligations that were not paid prior to June 30, 2012, and an increase in anticipated compensated absences payout.

Investment in capital assets consists of capital assets less any related debt that is still outstanding.

Unrestricted net deficit is \$(5,080).

Analysis of Changes in Net Assets

Changes in net assets for the Department are summarized below and an analysis follows:

	Governmental				Total
		Activ	Percent		
		2012 2011		Change	
Revenues:					
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	6,172,642	\$ 6	,161,328	0%
General revenues:					
Investment earnings		2,181		2,827	-23%
Miscellaneous		13,751		37,424	-63%
Total revenues		6,188,574	6	,201,579	0%
Expenses:					
Fire services		6,222,678	6	,269,525	-1%
Total expenses		6,222,678	6	,269,525	-1%
Fund Contribution - Sleepy Hollow				93,500	
Change	\$	(34,105)	\$	25,554	-233%

Charges for services increased by \$11,314 from 2011. Fire service expenses decreased by \$46,847 from 2011 levels. Nets assets decreased by \$34,105.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ANALYSIS

The following schedule presents a summary of general fund revenues and expenditures for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011.

	2012	2011	
Revenues:			
Intergovernmental:			
Town of San Anselmo (Contract)	\$ 3,022,255	\$ 3,022,255	
Town of Fairfax (Contract)	1,736,796	1,736,796	
Sleepy Hollow (Contract)	954,096	954,096	
County of Marin (Contract)	129,003	124,391	
Town of Ross (Contract)	26,016	25,156	
State of California EMA	-		
Other sources	216,396	227,841	
Total intergovernmental	6,084,562	6,090,535	
Charges for services	88,080	70,793	
Investment earnings	2,181	2,827	
Miscellaneous	13,751	37,424	
Total revenue	6,188,574	6,201,579	
Expenditures:			
Salaries and benefits	7,957,111	5,376,059	
Services and supplies	730,609	743,028	
Debt service:			
Principal	75,030	78,627	
Interest	17,940	14,611	
Capital outlay	47,227	46,581	
Total expenditures	8,827,917	6,258,906	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,639,343)	(57,327)	
Other financing sources and (uses):			
Sleepy Hollow (one-time fund balance contribution)		93,500	
Proceeds of long-term debt	2,656,934	-	
Uses pertaining to debt financing -cost of issuance	(60,000)	-	
Total other financing sources and uses	2,596,934	93,500	
Excess of revenues and other financing sources			
over (under) expenditures	(42,409)	36,173	
Fund balances, beginning of year	769,881	733,708	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 727,472	\$ 769,881	

COMMENTS ON BUDGET COMPARISONS - see Supplementary information pages 29 - 30

Revenue: Total revenues exceeded the final budget by \$30,281. Plan Check Fees and Re-sale Inspection Fees exceeded budget estimates by \$26,080.

Expenses: Total expenses exceeded the final budget \$2,398,976. Salaries and Benefits exceeded the budget by \$2,437,897. Salaries and Benefits includes the payoff of the CalPERS Pension Side Fund in the amount of \$2,595,334. Overtime costs were \$58,130 under budget. Services and Supplies and Capital Outlay were under budget by \$36,141 and \$9,489 respectively. Debt Service Interest exceeded the budget by \$6,709.

HISTORY AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

Ross Valley Fire Service was formed in 1982 by merging the Fire Departments of the Towns of Fairfax and San Anselmo through a Joint Powers Agreement. In addition to these two entities, the Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District contracted with the Town of San Anselmo, through June 2010, to provide fire protection services.

An Amended and Restated Joint Powers Agreement ("JPA") was entered into effective July 1, 2010 between the Town of Fairfax, Town of San Anselmo, and Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services within their respective jurisdictions. As part of the Amended and Restated JPA, the name of the Department was changed from Ross Valley Fire Service to the Ross Valley Fire Department. The Department is governed by a six member Board of Directors, consisting of two voting members appointed by and which serve at the pleasure of each of the member agencies.

The Department is mainly funded directly by each of the member agencies, so it must compete with Police, Public Works, etc. for General Fund dollars. The Department also provides contract services to the County of Marin for initial response to the unincorporated areas which boarder the jurisdiction and the Town of Ross for operational battalion chief services. Additionally, the Department collects fees for service related to fire inspection services. Staff prepares the draft budget in concert with the Executive Officer. The draft budget normally goes to the Fire Board for discussion in May and then adoption in June. This time frame ensures that the adopted budget can be then folded into the budget of member agencies.

As of July 1, 2012, the First Amendment to the Amended and Restated Joint Powers Agreement was entered into to admit the Town of Ross as a member. The Board of Directors has been expanded to consist of eight members, two voting members appointed by and serving at the pleasure of each of the member agencies. Personnel from the Town of Ross Fire Department as of June 30, 2012, with the exception of the Fire Chief became Department employees as of July 1, 2012. Effective July 1, 2012, the cost sharing percentages are as follows: Town of San Anselmo 40.53% Town of Fairfax 23.30%, Town of Ross 23.37%, and Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District 12.80%.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Department's finances for all those with an interest in its finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Fire Chief, Ross Valley Fire Department, 777 San Anselmo Avenue, San Anselmo, CA 94960.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	959,024
Interest receivable		520
Total current assets		959,544
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		1,402,646
Other assets:		
Bond issuance costs, net of accumulated amortization		60,000
Pension asset		2,595,334
Total assets	***************************************	5,017,524
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
		05.200
Accounts payable Pension obligation		95,298 85,710
Accrued liabilities		51,064
Current portion of long-term debt		646,614
Total current liabilities	-	878,686
Non-current liabilities:		2.095.707
Long-term debt, net		2,985,707
Total liabilities		3,864,393
NET ASSETS		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,158,211
Unrestricted		(5,080)
Total net assets	\$	1,153,131

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Expenses:	
Public safety - fire protection:	
Personal services	\$ 5,315,246
Services and supplies	736,348
Depreciation	153,144
Interest	17,940
Total program expenses	6,222,678
Program revenues:	
Charges for services	6,172,642
Net program revenue under expenses	(50,036)
General revenues:	
Investment earnings	2,181
Miscellaneous	13,750
Total general revenues	15,931
Decrease in net assets	(34,105)
Net assets - beginning of year	1,187,236
Net assets - end of year	\$ 1,153,131

GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	959,024	\$	959,024
Interest receivable		520		520
Total assets	\$	959,544	\$	959,544
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	95,298	\$	95,298
Pension obligation	*	85,710	•	85,710
Accrued liabilities		51,064		51,064
Total liabilities		232,072		232,072
Fund balances:				
Restricted for pension obligation bond		1,600		1,600
Assigned for compensated absences		160,000		160,000
Assigned for equipment		73,844		73,844
Unassigned		492,028		492,028
Total fund balances		727,472		727,472
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	959,544	\$	959,544

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE GOVERNMENT -WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

·			
Total Fund Balances - Total Government Funds			\$ 727,472
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement			
of Net Assets are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported			
in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet		•	
Capital assets	\$	3,351,061	
Less: Accumulated depreciation		1,948,415	1,402,646
Certain other assets used in governmental activities are not			
financial resources. Therefore, they are not reported			
in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet			
Pension asset		2,595,334	
Bond issuance costs	***************************************	60,000	2,655,334
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the			
current period and therefore were not reported in			
the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The long-term			
liabilities were adjusted as follows:			
Pension obligation bonds		(2,656,934)	
Capital leases		(244,435)	
Compensated absences	Bandan Canpalence	(730,952)	 (3,632,321)
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$ 1,153,131

ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues			
Intergovernmental:			
Town of San Anselmo (Contract)	\$ 3,022,255	\$ 3,022,255	
Town of Fairfax (Contract)	1,736,796	1,736,796	
Sleepy Hollow (Contract)	954,096	954,096	
County of Marin (Contract)	129,003	129,003	
Town of Ross (Contract)	26,016	26,016	
Other sources	216,396	216,396	
Total intergovernmental	6,084,562	6,084,562	
Charges for services	88,080	88,080	
Investment earnings	2,181	2,181	
Miscellaneous	13,751	13,751	
Total revenues	6,188,574	6,188,574	
Expenditures			
Current:			
Salaries and benefits	7,957,111	7,957,111	
Services and supplies	730,609	730,609	
Debt service:			
Principal	75,030	75,030	
Interest	17,940	17,940	
Capital outlay	47,227	47,227	
Total expenditures	8,827,917	8,827,917	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(2,639,343)	(2,639,343)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Proceeds of long-term debt	2,656,934	2,656,934	
Uses pertaining to debt financing			
Costs of issuance	(60,000)	(60,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,596,934	2,596,934	
Net change in fund balances	(42,409)	(42,409)	
Fund balances - beginning of year	769,881	769,881	
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 727,472	\$ 727,472	

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ (42,409)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement	
of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.	
However, in the Statement of Activites, the cost of	
those assets is allocated over their estimated useful	
lives and recorded as depreciation expense	
Capital outlay \$ 41,487	
Depreciation expense (153,144)	(111,657)
Governmental funds report the contribution to the	
pension system in excess of the required contribution	
as an expenditure when paid, but the amount	
is amortized in the statement of activities	2,595,334
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities	
do not require the use of the current financial	
resources and therefore are not reported as	
expenditures in governmental funds	
Change in compensated absences	46,531
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial	
resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt	
increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of	
Net Assets. Repayment of principal is an expenditure	
in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces	
long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets	
Cost of issuance - pension obligation bonds 60,000	
Long-term debt proceeds - pension obligation bonds (2,656,934)	
Principal repayments on long-term debt 75,030	(2,521,904)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ (34,105)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - Summary of significant accounting policies:

Description of the Ross Valley Fire Department:

The Ross Valley Fire Department (the "Department") was created in 1982. An Amended and Restated Joint Powers Agreement was entered into effective July 1, 2010, between the Town of Fairfax, Town of San Anselmo and the Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District ("Sleepy Hollow"), to provide fire protection, emergency medical and related services within their respective jurisdictions. The Department is governed by a six member Board of Directors, consisting of two members appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Fairfax Town Council, two members appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the San Anselmo Town Council and two members appointed by and serve at the pleasure of the Board of Directors of the Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District. The Department is administered by the Town Manager (Executive Officer) of one of the towns, as appointed by the Board of Directors.

The cost sharing percentages are as follows:

Town of San Anselmo	52.90%
Town of Fairfax	30.40%
Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District	16.70%
	100.00%

Description of funds

The accounts of the Department are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise the fund's assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenses or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. In fiscal 2012, the Department had one fund.

Government - Wide Financial Statements

The Department's Government-Wide Financial Statements include a Statement of Net Assets and a Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. These statements present summaries of Governmental Activities for the Department accompanied by a total column.

These statements are presented on an *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all of the Department's assets and liabilities, including capital assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net assets. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The Government-Wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each governmental program. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the Department. In fiscal 2012, the Department operated one government program.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the Department. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the governmental fund financial statements. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The Department had no non-major funds in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the Department's policy is to first apply restricted resources and then unrestricted resources as necessary.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances for all major governmental funds and non-major funds aggregated. Accompanying schedules are presented to reconcile and explain the differences in net assets as presented in these statements to the net assets presented in the Government-Wide financial statements.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest revenue and charges for services. Licenses and permits are not susceptible to accrual because, generally, they are not measurable until received in cash.

Expenses are generally recognized when incurred under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Principal and interest on general long-term debt is recognized when due.

All governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenses and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenses of the current period. Accordingly, revenues are recorded when received in cash,

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

except that revenues subject to accrual (generally 60 days after year-end) are recognized when due. The primary revenue sources, which have been treated as susceptible to accrual by the Department, are intergovernmental revenues and interest. Expenses are recorded in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred.

The Department's General Fund was the only major fund in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The General Fund is the operating fund of the Department. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Budgets and budgetary accounting

The Department follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- At the June Board meeting, the Chief and Executive Officer submit to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenses and the means of financing them.
- 2. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund.
- 4. The budget for the General Fund is adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expense of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Cash and investments

Cash and investments include amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments. The Authority maintains several checking accounts for processing all general operating transactions.

Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value at June 30, 2012.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Statement calculations and use of estimates

Due to rounding, column and row calculations may approximate actual figures. Approximations may result when decimal places are eliminated to present whole numbers.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the dates of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fund Balances

The Department has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance and Governmental Fund Type Definitions". GASB 54 establishes Fund Balance classifications based largely upon the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. The Governmental Fund statements conform to this new classification. GASB 54 establishes the following classifications depicting the relative strength of the constraints that control how specific amounts can be spent:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Nonspendable fund balances includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items or items that are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, such as principal of an endowment fund. As of June 30, 2012, the Department did not have any nonspendable fund balances.

<u>Restricted</u>: Restricted fund balances include amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by externally enforceable legal restrictions. This includes externally imposed restrictions by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments, as well as restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2012, the Department had a restricted fund balance of \$1,600.

<u>Committed</u>: Committed fund balances include amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally. The Board of Directors is considered the highest authority for the Department. As of June 30, 2012, the Department did not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned: Assigned fund balances include amounts intended to be used by the government for specific purposes. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. As of June 30, 2012, the Department has assigned fund balances totaling \$233,844.

<u>Unassigned</u>: Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

available for any purpose. As of June 30, 2012, the Department has an unassigned fund balance of \$492,028.

The Department's policy is that committed and assigned fund balances are considered to have been spent first before unassigned fund balances are spent.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2011, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 63, "Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position". This Statement establishes guidance for reporting deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and net position in the statement of financial position. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

In June 2012, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions". This Statement revises and establishes new financial reporting requirements for governments that provide their employees with pension benefits. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements starting with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015.

NOTE 2 - Cash and investments:

Cash deposits

The Department maintains its cash in demand deposits with federally insured banks. Deposits in these financial institutions may, from time to time, exceed federal insurance limits. The Department has not experienced any losses on its deposits of cash and cash equivalents. All of the Department's non-interest bearing cash balances were fully insured at June 30, 2012 due to a temporary federal program in effect from December 31, 2010 through December 31, 2012. Under the program, there is no limit to the amount of insurance coverage for eligible accounts. Beginning 2013, insurance coverage will revert to \$250,000 per depositor at each financial institution, and the Department's non-interest bearing cash balances may again exceed federally insured limits. At June 30, 2012, the book balance was \$374,422 and the bank balance was \$421,207. The difference between the carrying amount and the bank balances is due to checks outstanding as of June 30, 2012.

Investments

The Department also invests in the Local Authority Investments Fund ("LAIF") maintained by the Treasurer of the State of California, which primarily invests in insured or collateralized cash equivalents and debt securities with average maturities of less than one year. The Department's deposits are available for withdrawal on demand. Cash invested with LAIF as of June 30, 2012 was \$583,002, and these investments are carried at a value not materially different from fair value.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Carrying Value	***************************************	Fair Value
State of California Local Agency Investment Fund Cash in checking accounts Cash with Fiscal Agent	\$	583,002 374,422 1,600	\$	583,002 374,422 1,600
	\$	959,024	\$	959,024
Unrestricted Restricted	\$ <u>\$</u>	957,424 1,600 959,024		

Interest Rate Risk. This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

	Remaining Maturity (in Months)								
Investment Type	Fair Value	12 Months or Less	13 to 24 Months	25 to 60 Months	More than 60 Months				
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$ 593,002	\$ 583,002	¢	¢	¢				
State Investment 1001 (LAIP)	ψ 363,002	ψ 363,002	ψ -	D -	-				
Total	\$ 583,002	\$ 583,002	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

Credit Risk. This is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. That is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized credit rating organization. Presented below is the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

	Exempt		Ratin	g as of F	iscal	Year End		
		Fair	F	rom				
Investment Type	Value		Disclosure		AAA		Not Rated	
State Investment Pool (LAIF)	\$	583,002	\$		\$		\$	583,002
Total	\$	583,002	\$	-	\$		\$	583,002

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - Capital assets:

The Department's capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. Capital assets are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Depreciation is charged to governmental activities by function.

Depreciation of capital assets is charged as an expense against operations each year and the total amount of depreciation taken over the years, accumulated depreciation, is reported on the Statement of Net Assets as a reduction in the book value of capital assets.

Depreciation of capital assets in service is provided using the straight-line method, which means the cost of the asset is divided by its expected useful life in years, and the result is charged to expense each year until the asset is fully depreciated. The Department has assigned the useful lives listed below to capital assets:

Building improvements	5-40 years
Fire trucks	15-20 years
Furniture and fixtures	3-5 years
Non-emergency vehicles	10 years
Machinery and equipment	3-10 years

A summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2011		Additions		Dispositions / Adjustments		Balance June 30, 2012	
Vehicles	\$	2,223,840	\$	3,784	\$	-	\$	2,227,624
Machinery and equipment		891,586		37,703		-		929,289
Furniture and fixtures		36,425		-		-		36,425
Building improvements		157,723				-		157,723
		3,309,574		41,487		· _		3,351,061
Less: accumulated								
depreciation		1,795,271		153,144				1,948,415
Total capital assets, net	\$	1,514,303	\$	(111,657)	\$	-	\$	1,402,646

NOTE 4 - Deferred compensation arrangement:

The Department provides a deferred compensation plan (the "Plan") according to Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan is available to all employees and permits the deferral of a portion of the participating employees' salaries. Deferred amounts may not be withdrawn until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. Prior to August 20, 1996, the assets of the Plan were owned by the Department and were subject to claims from general creditors. On August 20, 1996, President Clinton signed into law changes affecting Internal Revenue Code Section 457. New plan

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

agreements, which have been amended to comply with the amended provisions, require plans to hold assets in trust for the exclusive benefit of the participants and their beneficiaries. The Department has an obligation to ensure that the Plan's funds are prudently managed and invested. Participating employees may direct Plan investments to several categories of investment mutual funds provided by the Plan's trustee. Since the assets of the Plan are no longer available to general creditors, the respective assets and liabilities of the Plan are not included on the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 5 - Compensated absences:

Employees of the Department accumulate vacation compensation based on years of service. Each employee may accumulate and carry forward a maximum of 1-1/2 years' vacation entitlement. Employees may also accumulate sick pay up to a maximum number of hours as set out in the current memorandum of understanding. At retirement, an employee may elect to convert unused sick pay to cash at one-half of the accumulated value.

Additionally, employees may earn 1-1/2 compensatory hours for each hour of off-duty attendance of qualified educational programs. Compensatory hours of those employees who earn an educational incentive are assessed annually to ensure that they have met their statutory 30 hours per year of education. These required hours may not be used for any other purpose and are deducted from each qualifying employee's total compensatory hours. Employees with balances of less than 30 hours at the time of the annual assessment forfeit their right to educational incentive until the statutory 30 hours is achieved. Any remaining balance after applying the deduction is accumulated to a maximum of 240 hours.

Compensatory absences as shown on the Statement of Net Assets include the value of accumulated vacation, the portion of sick pay benefits expected to be paid at retirement and the value of compensatory time accumulated. The Department estimates that \$120,819 will be paid in compensated absences upon retirements in 2012-2013. Other benefits are expected to be paid in future periods.

NOTE 6 - Long-term debt:

The following is a schedule of changes in long-term debt for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012:

	Balance						Balance			Due in
	June 30, 2011			Additions	Retirements		June 30, 2012		One Year	
2010 Capital Lease - Fire Engine	\$	319,465	\$	-	\$	(75,030)	\$	244,435	\$	78,166
Compensated absences		777,483				(46,532)		730,951		120,819
Pension Obligation Bonds		<u></u>		2,656,934				2,656,934		447,629
Total	\$	1,096,948	\$	2,656,934	\$	(121,562)	\$	3,632,320	\$	646,614

The Department's total lease obligation for fiscal 2012 is \$86,261, consisting of \$75,030 in principal and \$11,231 in interest all for the 2010 Fire Engine.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2010 Capital lease - Fire Engine: In March 2010, the Department entered into a lease purchase agreement to finance a Pierce Type I Fire Engine for a total purchase price of \$498,092, consisting of a \$100,000 down payment and \$398,092 capital lease. The 2010 capital lease provides for five annual payments of \$88,383, including principal and interest, commencing October 26, 2010 and ending October 26, 2014. The Department took advantage of a 100% prepay discount for the construction of the fire apparatus. Delivery and acceptance of the engine occurred in October 2010.

The minimum annual payments on the above lease are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30	Principal		Interest		 Total
2013	\$	78,166	\$	10,217	\$ 88,383
2014		81,433		6,950	88,383
2015		84,836		3,547	 88,383
	\$	244,435	\$	20,714	\$ 265,149

<u>Pension Obligation Bonds</u>: On May 31, 2012, the Department issued \$2,656,934 in taxable pension obligation bonds to refund the Department's outstanding Safety Plan Side Fund obligation to the California Public Employees' Retirement System. As of June 30, 2012, the outstanding balance was \$2,656,934. Principal and interest payments are due monthly commencing July 15, 2012. Monthly payments escalate from \$44,464 per month to \$50,451. The bonds are fully amortized on July 15, 2017. Interest rate is fixed during the entire term at 3.030%

The minimum annual payments on the above bond are as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30	Principal		une 30 Principal Interes		Interest	Total	
2013	\$	447,629	\$	77,837	\$	525,466	
2014		488,597		60,213		548,810	
2015		521,616		44,954		566,570	
2016		556,254		28,671		584,925	
2017		592,514		11,316		603,830	
2018		50,324		127		50,451	
	\$	2,656,934	\$	223,118	\$	2,880,052	

NOTE 7 - Operating lease:

In August 2009, the Department entered into a contract to lease a digital copy system. The lease is for 48 months and requires a monthly payment of \$206. Rent expense under this lease during the year was \$2,472.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

The minimum future obligation under this operating lease is as follows:

Fiscal year ending June 30	A	mount
2013	\$	2,472
2014		412
	\$	2,884

NOTE 8 - Employee benefits - defined benefit pension plan:

Plan description

The Department contributes to the California Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS"), an agent multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the state of California. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and city ordinance. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from their Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95814.

Funding policy

Participants are required to contribute 9% (for safety employees) and 8% (for non-safety employees) of their annual covered salary. Effective August 1, 2011 for safety and October 1, 2011 for non-safety employees contribute 3% of the member contributions. The Department makes the contributions required of Department employees on their behalf and for their account, less the 3%. The Department is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate; the current rate is 9.526% for non-safety employees, and 40.799% for fire-safety employees, of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Department are established, and may be amended, by PERS.

Side Fund payment

On May 31, 2012, the Department issued taxable pension obligation bonds to refund the Department's Side Fund with PERS in the amount of \$2,595,334. The Side Fund payment plus the annual pension cost of \$1,313,278 brings the total retirement cost for 2012 to \$3,908,612. As a result of the \$2,595,334 Side Fund payment, the Safety employer contribution rate decreased from 40.799% to 23.006%.

Annual pension cost

For 2012, the Department's annual pension cost of \$1,313,278 for PERS was equal to the Department's required and actual contributions. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2009 actuarial valuation using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), (b) projected

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

annual salary increases that vary by duration of service, and (c) 3.25% per year cost-of-living adjustments. Both (a) and (b) included an inflation component of 3.0%. The actuarial value of PERS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a four-year period (smoothed market value). PERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis.

Three year trend information for PERS

			Percentage of								
	Anr	nual Pension	v		APC	N	let Pension				
	С	Cost (APC)		ntributions	Contributed	Asset					
6/30/2012	\$	1,313,278	\$	3,822,902	291%	\$	2,595,334				
6/30/2011		1,377,392		1,377,392	100%		-				
6/30/2010		1,324,602		1,324,602	100%		-				

The change in the net pension asset for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 1,313,278
Contributions made	 3,908,612
Increase in net pension asset	2,595,334
Net pension asset - beginning of the year	
Net pension asset - end of the year	\$ 2,595,334

NOTE 9 - Post employment benefits other than retirement:

In addition to the pension benefits described previously, the Department provides the following:

- (1) Post retirement health care benefits to all employees who retire with at least 5 years of service. All eligible retirees may continue medical coverage with the plans provided for active employees. Currently, twenty-two retirees and seven surviving spouses meet the eligibility requirements. The Department's cost is reduced to the uncovered Medicare portion when the retiree or retiree's surviving spouse attains the age of 65. The Department accounts for these benefits on the pre funding level percentage of pay method. The Department's cost for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was \$358,844.
- (2) Life-time medical benefits for workers compensation claims (as defined) to certain past employees. Currently, two past employees are eligible for these post employment benefit payments. The Department accounts for these benefits on the pay as you go method. The Department's cost for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was zero.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - Post-retirement health benefits:

Plan Description

The Department provides medical insurance benefits under the CalPERS health plan to eligible retirees and dependents in accordance with a labor agreement. Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the Department and are eligible for a PERS pension.

Funding Policy

The Department's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount which was determined as part of a January 1, 2010 actuarial evaluation in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting of Postretirement Benefits Other than Pensions by State and Local Government Employers". The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the Department over a period not to exceed thirty years. The ARC is subject to change with each actuarial evaluation date performed every two years.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The Department has calculated the Net OPEB Obligation, representing the difference between the ARC, amortization and contributions, as follows:

Annual required contribution / Annual OPEB cost	\$ 358,844
Contributions made	 (358,844)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	-
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of the year	
Net OPEB obligation - end of the year	\$ -

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan as understood by the employer and plan members, and include the types of plan benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes do not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future.

The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

In the January 1, 2010 actuarial evaluation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions include a 7.75% investment rate of return and payroll increases of 3.25% per year. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over 30 years.

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information, presents three-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for plan benefits.

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			Percentage of								
			Annual OPEB								
Fiscal year ended	An	nual OPEB			Cost]	Net OPEB				
June 30		Cost	Co	ntributions	Contributed	(Obligation				
2012	\$	358,844	\$	358,844	100%	\$	-				
2011	\$	310,141	\$	310,141	100%	\$	-				
2010	\$	299,981	\$	299,981	100%	\$					

NOTE 11 - Public entity risk pools:

Fire Agencies Self Insurance System

Effective September 1993, the Department was self-insured for workers' compensation coverage as a member of the Fire Agencies Self-Insurance System (the "System"). The System is a public Authority risk pool created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between the approximately 200 member fire agencies. The System manages one pool for all member agencies. Each member pays an annual premium to the System based on the number of personnel, and estimated dollar amount of payroll and an experience factor. At fiscal year end, when actual payroll expenses are available, an adjustment to the year's annual premium is made. The System reinsures through a commercial carrier for claims in excess of \$500,000 for each insured event. The System is not a component entity of the Authority for purposes of Government Standards Board Statement No. 14. Condensed financial information (unaudited) for the System as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Total assets	\$ 50,264,911
Total liabilities	30,742,424
Fund equity	\$ 19,522,487
Total operating revenues	\$ 8,402,469
Total operating expenses	 9,981,253
Operating income (loss)	 (1,578,784)
Non-operating revenue	 510,437
Net income (loss)	\$ (1,068,347)

The basis for estimating the accrued liability for future claims and claims incurred but not reported (IBNR) is based on actuarial review of the workers' compensation program.

Estimated outstanding losses, including allocated loss adjusting expenses (ALAE) as of June 30, 2012, are the cost of unpaid claims. The estimated outstanding losses include case reserves and a provision that includes development of known claims and late reported claims, collectively referred to as IBNR. All other ALAE are the direct settlement expenses for specific claims, primarily legal expenses. The actuarial consultants estimated the outstanding liability for future claims, ALAE, and IBNR to be \$30,645,495 at the expected level discounted for present value. Components of the liability represent:

Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at June 30, 2011	\$ 28,066,933
Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses:	
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	6,422,388
Increases in provisions for insured events of prior fiscal years	1,387,261
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses	7,809,649
Payments:	
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured	
events of the current fiscal year	1,011,218
Claims and claim adjustment expenses attributable to insured	
events of the prior fiscal years	4,219,869
Total payments	 5,231,087
Unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at June 30, 2012	\$ 30,645,495

Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority

Effective July 1, 1989 Ross Valley Fire Department was self-insured for property damages and general liability coverage as a member of the Fire Agencies Insurance Risk Authority (the "Risk Authority"). The Risk Authority is a public Authority risk pool created pursuant to a joint powers agreement between approximately 100 member fire agencies. The Risk Authority manages one pool for all member agencies. Each member pays an annual premium to the Risk Authority based on an

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

actuarial calculation. The Risk Authority purchases first dollar coverage for general liability, auto liability, auto physical damage and property, from the American Alternative Insurance Company, a subsidiary of the Glatfelter Insurance Group. The Risk Authority's current policy through American Alternative Insurance Company is in force through June 30, 2012. Currently the Risk Authority continues to be fully insured for all lines of coverage including: General Liability, Auto Liability, Property, Director and Officers Errors and Omissions, and Medical Malpractice. The Risk Authority is not a component entity of Ross Valley Fire Department for purposes of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14.

Condensed financial information for the Risk Authority as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Total assets	\$ 3,000,813
Total liabilities	 65,742
Fund equity	\$ 2,935,071
Total operating revenues	\$ 2,746,215
Total operating expenses	 2,714,166
Operating income	32,049
Non-operating revenue	 92,744
Net income	\$ 124,793

NOTE 12 - Contingencies:

On February 4, 1991, the Department was awarded a judgment of \$464,000, plus interest, relating to embezzlements committed by a former employee over several years. On July 18, 2006 the judgment was renewed to extend the period of enforceability through to July 17, 2016 and the total renewed judgment was \$277,567. As of June 30, 2012, the balance owed is \$439,794 (including interest of \$162,227 at 10% per annum). This receivable is not recorded in the accompanying Statement of Net Assets.

The Department is involved in various other claims and litigation arising in the ordinary course of business. Department management, based upon the opinion of legal counsel, is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of such matters will not have a materially adverse effect on the Department's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 13 - Excess of expenses over fund appropriations:

	Expenditures /									
	App	propriation	Oth	er Financing		Excess				
General Fund:										
Salaries and Benefits	\$	5,519,214	\$	7,957,111	\$	(2,437,897)				
Debt Service		86,261		92,970		(6,709)				
Costs of issuance		-		60,000		(60,000)				

The excess expenses for fiscal 2012 were funded by available financial resources.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 14 - Subsequent events:

The Department has evaluated events subsequent to June 30, 2012 through January 22, 2013, the date these financial statements were available to be issued. As of July 1, 2012, the First Amendment to Amended and Restated Joint Powers Agreement was entered into to admit the Town of Ross as a member. The Board of Directors has been expanded to consist of eight voting members, two from the Fairfax Town Council, two from the San Anselmo Town Council, two from Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District, and two from Ross Town Council. Personnel from the Town of Ross as of June 30, 2012 with the exception of the Fire Chief will become Department employees as of July 1, 2012. Effective July 1, 2012, the cost sharing percentages are as follows:

Town of San Anselmo	40.53%
Town of Fairfax	23.30%
Town of Ross	23.37%
Sleepy Hollow Fire Protection District	12.80%
	100.00%



ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		 Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Intergovernmental:						
Town of San Anselmo (Contract)	\$	3,022,255	\$ 3,022,255	\$ 3,022,255	\$	_
Town of Fairfax (Contract)		1,736,796	1,736,796	1,736,796		-
Sleepy Hollow (Contract)		954,096	954,096	954,096		-
County of Marin (Contract)		129,003	129,003	129,003		-
Town of Ross (Contract)		26,016	26,016	26,016		-
Other sources		222,627	 222,627	 216,396		(6,231)
Total intergovernmental		6,090,793	6,090,793	6,084,562		(6,231)
Charges for services		62,000	62,000	88,080		26,080
Investment earnings		1,000	1,000	2,181		1,181
Miscellaneous		4,500	4,500	13,751		9,251
Total revenues		6,158,293	 6,158,293	 6,188,574		30,281
Expenditures						
Current:						
Salaries and benefits		5,519,214	5,519,214	7,957,111		(2,437,897)
Services and supplies		796,750	766,750	730,609		36,141
Debt service:						
Principal		75,030	75,030	75,030		_
Interest		11,231	11,231	17,940		(6,709)
Capital outlay		56,716	 56,716	47,227		9,489
Total expenditures		6,458,941	 6,428,941	 8,827,917	_	(2,398,976)
Excess of expenditures over revenues	gaginom	(300,648)	(270,648)	(2,639,343)		(2,368,695)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds of long-term debt		-	-	2,656,934		2,656,934
Uses pertaining to debt financing						
Costs of issuance		-	-	(60,000)		(60,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)			 _	 2,596,934		2,596,934
Excess of revenues and other financing sources						
over (under) expenditures	\$	(300,648)	\$ (270,648)	(42,409)	\$	228,239
Fund balances - beginning of year				 769,881		
Fund balances - end of year				\$ 727,472		

ROSS VALLEY FIRE DEPARTMENT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PERS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Since the Department's PERS plan had less than 100 active members as of June 30, 2003, it is required to participate in a risk pool. Funding progress in the aggregate for the entire pool starting with fiscal 2007 is as follows:

Safety 3.0% at 55 Risk Pool

Valuation Date	Accrued Liabilities (AL)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)		Unfunded Liabilities (UL)	Funded Ratio (AVA/AL)	An	nual Covered Payroll	UL as a % of Payroll			
6/30/2008	\$ 1,755,559,311	\$ 1,517,609,609	\$	237,949,702	86.4%	\$	210,590,567	113.0%			
6/30/2009	\$ 1,802,882,330	\$ 1,520,081,328	\$	282,801,002	84.3%	\$	221,600,192	127.6%			
6/30/2010	\$ 1,915,095,826	\$ 1,628,915,283	\$	286,180,543	85.1%	\$	224,562,008	127.4%			
6/30/2011	\$ 2,061,923,933	\$ 1,759,286,797	\$	302,637,136	85.3%	\$	225,026,216	134.5%			
6/30/2012				*** Not Avail	able ***						
	Miscellaneous 2.7% at 55 Risk Pool										
	Accrued	Actuarial Value		Unfunded	Funded						

Valuation Date	Accrued Liabilities (AL)	Actuarial Value of Assets (AVA)	Unfunded Liabilities (UL)	Funded Ratio (AVA/AL)	An	inual Covered Payroll	UL as a % of Payroll
6/30/2008	\$ 1,823,366,479	\$ 1,529,548,799	\$ 293,817,680	83.9%	\$	414,589,514	70.9%
6/30/2009	\$ 2,140,438,884	\$ 1,674,260,302	\$ 466,178,582	78.2%	\$	440,071,499	105.9%
6/30/2010	\$ 2,297,871,345	\$ 1,815,671,616	\$ 482,199,729	79.0%	\$	434,023,381	111.1%
6/30/2011	\$ 2,486,708,579	\$ 1,981,073,089	\$ 505,635,490	79.7%	\$	427,300,410	118.3%
6/30/2012			*** Not Availa	able ***			